



UfM Task Force on Environment

MedCoast4BlueGrowth (MC4BG)

Davide STRANGIS, Executive Secretary **CPMR - Intermediterranean Commission**

Barcelona, 13 November 2018 Union for the Mediterranean Secretariat





Union pour la Méditerranée Union for the Mediterranean





Outline of the presentation

- MC4BG UfM labelled project: framework & partnership
- CO-EVOLVE (MED Interreg): the backbone of MC4BG
- MC4BG Architecture
- Overview on current and future pilot areas/actions











«Med Coast for Blue Growth» (MC4BG) – GENERAL INFORMATION (1/2)

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"Common approaches and planning tools to boost sustainable coastal and maritime tourism in the Mediterranean"

Officially labelled by the 43 UfM countries, Senior Officials Meeting held on the 11th of December 2017



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Sustainable tourism-driven and oriented action plans:

- Demonstrating the feasibility and effectiveness of a **planning process** on Pilot Areas following ICZM/MSP principles
- Showing the importance of local stakeholder's engagement on key issues for sustainable coastal tourism development.
- Preparing for the implementation of **concrete pilot actions**, such as for examples recovery of beach dunes, dredging with sediment reuse for nourishment, lodging prototypes, differentiated and de-seasonal touristic offer, etc.

Creating conditions for safety, protection, wellness and sustainability-oriented development of the Mediterranean coastal areas http://ufmsecretariat.org/project/medcoast4bg-med-coasts-blue-growth/

MedCoast4BG - Med Coasts for Blue Growth





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Water & Environment



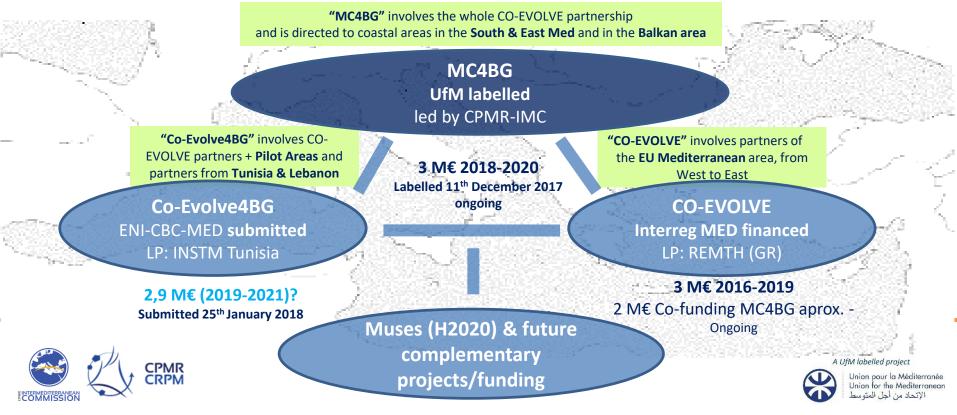




«Med Coast for Blue Growth» (MC4BG) – GENERAL INFORMATION (2/2)

"Common approaches and planning tools to boost sustainable coastal and maritime tourism in the Mediterranean"

It responds to the priorities of the Union for the Mediterranean: UfM Ministerial on Environment and Climate Change (2014) and UfM Ministerial on Blue Economy (2015), namely the use of maritime spatial planning as a governance tool, mobilizing efforts towards adaptation to the impacts of climate change, and referring to coastal and maritime tourism among the main traditional and emerging economic sectors for the Blue Economy in the Mediterranean Sea.







«Med Coast for Blue Growth» (MC4BG) – PARTNERSHIP (current state of play)

EU-MED PROMOTING PARTNERS

ITALY

- **Region Emilia Romagna** 0
- Institute of Marine Sciences National Research Council 0 (ISMAR)
- **IUAV (Venice University)** 0
- Po Delta Park Veneto Region 0
- Lazio Region 0
- GREECE
 - **Region of East Macedonia and Thrace REMTH** 0
 - University of Thessaly 0
 - **Region of Crete** 0
- **CROATIA**
 - PAP RAC (UNEP MAP) 0
 - Dubrovnik Neretva Regional Development Agency (DUNEA) 0
 - Public Institution for Coordination and Development of Split 0 Dalmatia County (RERA SD)
- FRANCE
 - Conseil General de l'Hérault 0
 - **CPMR Intermediterranean Commission (Lead promoter)** 0
- **SPAIN**
 - **Foundation Valencia Port** 0
 - University of Murcia and Region of Murcia 0

NON-EU MED PARTNERS

TUNISIA

- National Institute of Marine Sciences and Technologies 0 (INSTM)
- National Agency for Environnemental Protection (ANPE) 0
- Agency for Coastal Protection and Planning (APAL) 0
- **Monastir and Sousse Regions** 0
- Office National du Tourisme Tunisien (ONTT) 0
- National Engineering School of Tunis (ENIT) 0
- DGFIOP 0
- **Regional Activity Centre for Specially Protected Areas** 0

MOROCCO

- **Ministry for Tourism** 0
- Region of L'Oriental & other authorities/actors to be defined 0 at national/regional/local level
- LEBANON
 - Ministry of Works and Public Transport & Ministry of 0 Environment

to

- AL MIDAN NGO 0
- **AMWAJ NGO** 0
- BFCTH 0
- **MONTENEGRO**
 - Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism 0
 - authorities/actors 0 Other national/regional/local level
- be defined









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MC4BG: FRAMEWORK FOR SYNERGIES

BOLOGNA CHARTER ON ADAPTATION TO CLIMATE CHANGE IN COASTAL AREAS



 \succ **EMERGING STRATEGIES AND INITIATIVES: EUSAIR, BLUEMED,** WESTMED...











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The Bologna Charter Initiative

www.bolognacharter.eu

Charter of the Mediterranean **Regions & local Administrations** for the promotion of a **common framework** for **strategic actions** aimed at the **protection** and **sustainable development** of the Mediterranean **coastal areas**.

A joint initiative, started by EU Regions and open to other coastal Administrations of the Southern & Eastern Mediterranean, performing concrete objectives, even structural ones, able to attain diversified funding resources with a high capacity of mainstreaming.







BC' main areas of cooperation & intervention

- 1. Network of Coastal Observatories for the monitoring, management of risks and erosion phenomena, defense interventions & sediment stocks management;
- 2. Survey of the erosion status and trends & flood hazard suitable for territorial planning and adaptation measures;
- **3. Sustainable use of strategic resources:** the coastal territory (to face the "littoralization" process) and coastal & submarine stocks of sediments (to face erosion and Climate Change impacts, favoring new market potentials at Med level);
- 4. Integrated territorial planning & application of ICZM/MSP principles for the sustainable development of coasts, landscape, environment and ecosystem protection, coastal adaptation & risk adaptation;
- 5. Structural works along Med coasts consistent with integrated planning processes, for the implementation of an adaptation policy to the natural & anthropogenic risks
- 6. **Project-clustering** for synergies and capitalization





Policy Document

BOLOGNA CHARTER 2012

European regions Charter for the promotion of a framework for strategic actions aimed at the protection aimable development of the Mediterranean coastal areas

> Brussels, 21th March 2013 Formers Parliament

Joint Action Plan (JAP): a "rolling" document



1st Revision 2015 2nd Revision ongoing



www.bolognacharter.eu/the-joint-action-plan



1.1.1.4 Assessment of challenges and needs for the Programme – [...] Common challenges for Mediterranean coastal areas are listed in the Bologna Charter that highlights especially the risks related to climate change effects, urban pressure and the necessity to better promote cooperation between regional partners. **2.A.4 Investment priority 6.d** – [...] The resolution of the Bologna Charter and especially the need to improve the cooperation between regional partners in Mediterranean coastal areas will be considered.



Acknowledged by the WEST MED strategy initiative FRAMEWORK FOR ACTION SWD(2017) 130 final

3.2 Maritime and marine knowledge (data gaps, data analysis and sharing) – Bologna Charter jointly with BLUEMED initiative - <u>Action</u>: Maintain updated data/information on erosion phenomena and coastal risks by harmonizing and expanding the coastline monitoring systems for basin scale R&I activities – <u>Expected Results</u>: Jointly develop robust and shared strategies and tools for assisting Adaptation to Climate Change in the Mediterranean region.







BC - JOINT ACTION PLAN on Med coasts adaptation to climate change

Network, Studies, Integrated Planning Research & Innovation

Strategic Theme 1	Joint Actions
Developing	1.1 Build a network of coastal Observatories
Knowledge, network-based	1.2 Survey erosion status and flood hazards on Med coasts
monitoring and Data Management	1.3 Research on coastal and off-shore sediments stocks
systems	1.4 Build a Med Interoperable SDI for coastal data
Strategic Theme 2	Joint Actions
Sustainable use of strategic resources	2.1 Governance and sustainable use of the coastal spaces
for the Blue Growth	2.2 Promote the sustainable use of sediments stocks
Strategic Theme 3	Joint Actions
Supporting Research Innovation Clusters	3.1 Foster project clustering initiatives
and Implementation	3.2 Foster innovation in coastal protection and adaptation
	3.3 Interaction with EU Research Program (H2020)
Strategic Theme 4	Joint Actions
Responding to the	Joint Actions 4.1 Supporting the design of structural coastal works
Responding to the Challenge driven by Climate Change	4.1 Supporting the design of structural coastal works 4.2 Foster adaptive management solutions and structural
Responding to the Challenge driven by	4.1 Supporting the design of structural coastal works
Responding to the Challenge driven by Climate Change (Major Coastal Projects)	 4.1 Supporting the design of structural coastal works 4.2 Foster adaptive management solutions and structural works to enhance the resilience of coastal systems 4.3 Individuation, access, efficient use of funding sources
Responding to the Challenge driven by Climate Change (Major Coastal	 4.1 Supporting the design of structural coastal works 4.2 Foster adaptive management solutions and structural works to enhance the resilience of coastal systems 4.3 Individuation, access, efficient use of funding sources



Developing conditions for the Blue Growth in the Mediterranean

 Increase cross-border cooperation between EU countries, through the strengthening of the role and cooperation between coastal Regions and Administrations

 Increase coordination between Administrations in each Country, vertical and horizontal

• Protect the environment through early identification of impacts and opportunities for multiple use of space

• Encourage investment in research and innovation and new jobs creations in the field of coastal protection, coast marine monitoring and adaptation to climate change

 Encourage investment in interventions for coast-marine environment protection, creating conditions for the safety and the sustainable development in the Med space

> + than 500 M€ in 6-7 years JOINT ACTION PLAN 2015-2022 for coastal interventions 1st phase

✓ Provides the key tool to develop the BLUEMED Initiative.

✓ Outlines a set of key challenges for the Mediterranean, knowledge gaps, specific activities enabling the blue growth as well as measures for capacity creation and skills' enhancement.

 Includes different sectors of interest like ecosystems, climate change, biotechnologies, aquaculture, fisheries, tourism, shipbuilding, transportation, observing systems, data, off-shore platforms, cultural heritage, spatial planning.

✓ Targets relevant research and innovation players and public and private stakeholders, nongovernmental organizations and the general public.

	abling ge for the rranean	Key sectorial enablers in the Mediterranean	Enabling technology and capacity creation for the Mediterranean
 Mediterranean Sea ecosystems: services, resources, vulnerability and resilience to natural and anthropogenic pressures Mediterranean Sea dynamics: developing services in the filed of sustainable adaptation and to climate change and plans for mitigation; Hazards and protection of coastal areas in the Mediterranean 		 Innovative business based on marine bio-resources in the Mediterranean Ecosystem-based management of Mediterranean aquaculture and fisheries Sustainable tourism in the Mediterranean Maritime clusters in the Mediterranean Maritime Spatial Planning & Integrated Coastal Zone Management in the Mediterranean 	 Smart, greener maritime transport and facilities in the Mediterranean Observing systems and operational oceanography capacities in the Mediterranean Multi-purpose off-shore platforms in the Mediterranean Marine and costal cultural heritage in the Mediterranean: discovering, protecting and valuing
	conter	http://www.blu initiative.eu/ nt/uploads/2017/ SRIA_Update_fi	wp- 09/BLUEMED-
med	Call Su		12.91

M 11

The BLUEMED SRIA ongoing update process: Sustainable tourism and cultural heritage in the Mediterranean

ECONOMY PILLAR

CHALLENGE C. Sustainable tourism and cultural heritage in the Mediterranean

- GOAL C1. Linking tourism, tourists and environment
- GOAL C2. Developing smart infrastructures, technologies and dedicated
 CHALLENGE E. Governance of maritime space and marine resources in the Mediterranean
- GOAL E2. Effective maritime spatial planning in the Mediterranean

TECHNOLOGY PILLAR

CHALLENGE D. MARINE AND COASTAL NATURAL AND CULTURAL HERITAGE IN THE MEDITERRANEAN: DISCOVERING, PROTECTING AND VALUING

 GOAL D1. Increase the economic impact of the Mediterranean's natural and cultural heritage

BLUEMED Call for Applications for STRATEGIC START-UP ACTIONS

Goal: to conduct leading up to a feasibility, foresight or pilot study through a series (3) of meetings/workshops on topics that are crucial to the future of Blue Growth in the Mediterranean

Targeted Applicants: entities active in fields related to blue growth and blue economy (e.g. Marine/Maritime Institutes, University Departments, Research Centres, NGOs, local or regional entities, SMEs, etc.)

Budget: Selected partnerships will receive up to **32,000 Euros** each – covering costs of organisation of 3 meetings, travel & subsistence of participants and dissemination materials

Proposals ranked 1-4 (winners, with <u>pending Partnership</u> <u>Agreement</u>)

- SEALINES: Mediterranean Safety Network
- ECOMEDPORT: Feasibility Study of an ecosystem-oriented plant for sediments management in Mediterranean ports and marinas
- LabMAF: Developing a labelling scheme for Mediterranean small-scale and artisanal fish products
- BlueBoatsMed: Foresight on cruise and recreational boating, their potential for transition towards a blue economy in the Mediterranean and associated environmental challenges

ECOMEDPORT: LINKS WITH MCBG/CO-EVOLVE, BOLOGNA CHARTER...

bluemed Start-up Action

ECOMEDPORT project aims to promote the adoption of a novel and sustainable technology for the sediment management in port areas in the Mediterranean (starting from specific sties).

Start in **November 2018** ending in **March 2020** Total Budget **30.000 €** (for organizing onsite meetings and preparation of dedicated feasibility studies)

Activities:

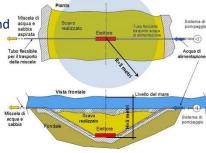
- identify sites in Tunisia and in Lebanon wherein the system can be applied;
- analyse the technological and non-technological barriers in the implementation of system installation;
- recover data relevant for the design of the system;
- design a preliminary solution with an economic and environmental impact assessment;
- a recognition to estimate the potentiality of development and application of the technology in the Mediterranean area.

Outcomes:

- 1. feasibility studies on the specific cases,
- 2. report on the **potential development of the technology application in the Med area**.

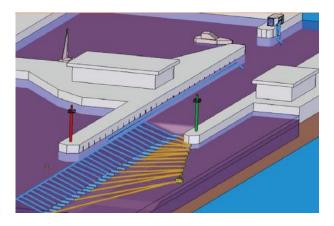






Ambition and impact

- ensure a safer maritime transport in Mediterranean ports;
- minimizing the use of dredging operations;
- reduce turbidity of water induced by siltation;
- develop and adapt an innovative technology already tested (in "CO-EVOLVE" and "MarinaPlan" projects);
- ***** strengthen synergies among partners from S/E/W/N Med.



The innovative Plant of seabed re-modelling consists of a set of devices, called ejectors, which constantly remove sediments delivered to their operating area by transferring them to a nearby where they do not impair navigation.



Plan view and cross-section scheme of the seabed re-modelling plant functioning







1st Joint Meeting CO-EVOLVE/MC4BG IN BARCELONA AT UfMS 29-31 Oct. 2018

- **CO-EVOLVE STEERING COMMITEE** \succ
- **CO-EVOLVE TRAINING OPEN TO NON EU MED COUNTRIES : Lebanon,** Montenegro, Morocco, Tunisia
- **MEETING FOCUSED ON MC4BG: Co-funding perspectives, future** \succ activities and pilot actions









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"Promoting the co-evolution of human activities and natural systems for the development of sustainable coastal and maritime tourism"



CO-EVOLVE aims at analysing and promoting the **co**evolution of human activities and natural systems in touristic coastal allowing sustainable areas, development of touristic activities and demonstrating through pilot actions the feasibility and effectiveness of an ICZM/MSP-based planning process.

CO-EVOLVE recognises tourism as major economic driver and employment producer in the MED (11.3% of GDP and 11.5% of employment in 2014) BUT ...

... Continuous growth of tourism in MED coastal areas exerts pressures on environmental and cultural resources of the coastal zones, and affects negatively social, economic and cultural patterns of tourist destinations.

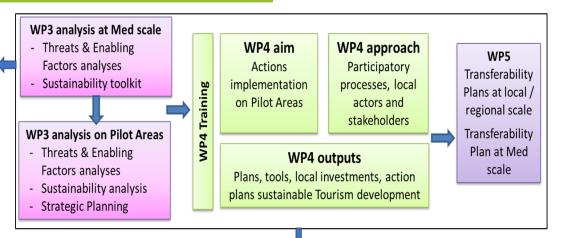






CO-EVOLVE'S OVERALL METHODOLOGY

Threats	Enabling factors
3.2 Climate change and morphologic stability	3.8 Coastal protection measures
3.3 Littoralization and urbanization	3.10 Water cycles and depuration
3.4 Touristic fluxes and carrying capacity	3.11 Transport and accessibility
3.5 Pollution and other pressures on ecosystems	3.9 Ecosystems protection measures
3.6 Conflicts between different uses land & sea	3.12 Governance, resources & mechanisms



Output 3.1 - Integrated	analysis of	threats and	enabling factors for	sustainable
tourism at MED scale	to: address	policies at	Med scale; develop	sound and
sustainable action plans (V	VP4); develoj	p transferabi	lity plans (WP5).	

Output 3.2 - Tourism sustainability analysis and toolkit to define level of sustainability of tourism (baseline and target values) within the Programme, developing an operational Tourism Sustainability Toolkit to be applied at Mediterranean scale.

Output 3.3 - Development of tourism oriented action plans and evaluation of their benefits. On the basis of the previous outputs, tourism-driven or tourism-oriented strategic action plans will be developed in Pilot Areas.

PMR

	•
Pilot Area	Action Title
1. REMTH: Alexandroupoli-Makri and Thasso Keramoti areas (Greece)	4.3 – Ensuring lasting sustainability of coastal an marine tourism development in REMTH
2. Emilia-Romagna: Cattolica Port area and Lido (Spina-Comacchio (Italy)	d 4.4 – Implement regional ICZM guidelines principles for sustainable tourism and coastal management
3. Veneto: Rosolina Mare and Polesine Cameri Eni power station area (Italy)	4.5 – Planning center for Delta area and demonstration on movable lodging prototype
4. Valencia Port area (Spain)	4.6 – Improve governance and facilitate mainstreaming into public action of the guiding principles set out in the ICZM Med Protocol
 Hérault Departement: Lido of Maguelone an Grand Delta of Orb river (France) 	d 4.7 – Experimental adaptation of planning and management of tourist fluxes in coastal areas subject to CC
6. Kastela bay, Split (Croatia)	4.8 – Valorization of environmental and cultural heritage for a sustainable tourism-driven development in Kastela bay
7. Neretva River Delta, Dubrovnik (Croatia)	4.9 – Implementation of integrated management plan for Dubrovnik-Neretva River Delta



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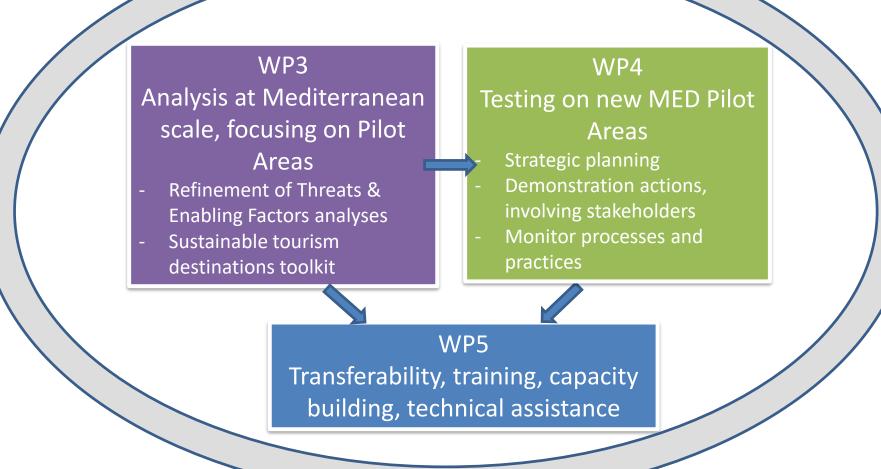




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«Med Coast for Blue Growth» (MC4BG) – ARCHITECTURE

WP1 - Management



WP2 – Com & Cap



Climate changes and morphological stability

Littoralization and urbanization

Touristic fluxes and carrying capacity

Pollution and other anthropogenic pressures

Conflicts among different uses on land and at sea and land-sea interaction

Coastal protection measures

Ecosystems protection

Water cycle and depuration

Transports and accessibility

Legislation and Administrative constraints, Governance

33 Deliverables on the different

Mediterranean () CO-EVOLVE

CO-EVOLVE

Promoting the co-evolution of human activities and natural systems for the development of sustainable coastal and maritime tourism

Deliverables 3.7.1/3.13.1

Synthesis report on threats to sustainable tourism at Mediterranean

Synthesis on enabling factors for sustainable co-evolution in touristic areas - Mediterranean scale

Activities 3.7/3.13

Threats to co-evolution - Mediterranean scale: synthesis

> Enabling factors for co-evolution -Mediterranean scale: synthesis

> > WP3

CNR-ISMAR and PAP/RAC

https://co-evolve.interreg-med.eu/what-we-achieve/deliverable-library/



Climate changes and morphological stability

Littoralization and urbanization

Touristic fluxes and carrying capacity

Pollution and other anthropogenic pressures

Conflicts among different uses on land and at sea and land-sea interaction

Coastal protection measures

Ecosystems protection

Water cycle and depuration

Transports and accessibility

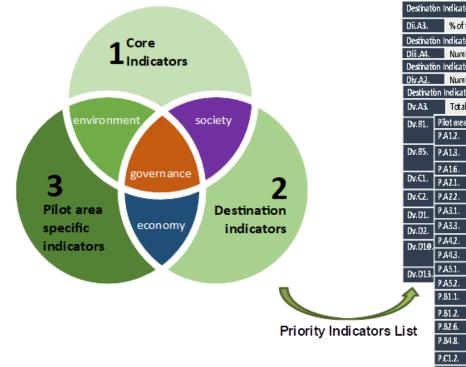
Legislation and Administrative constraints, Governance Refine and focus the analysis on key aspects, including knowledge gaps

➤ Co-Evolve

Capitalization from other ongoing and new projects Sustainability indicators - work done so far



Development of a three-tier conceptual model of indicators, customization and test to Co-Evolve Pilot Areas to inform strategic planning



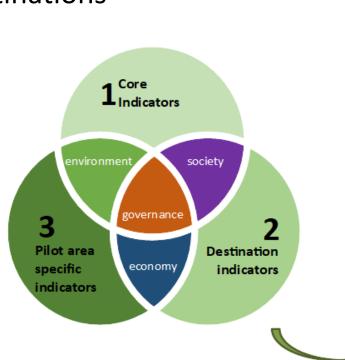
		Core indicators
Destinati	CA11	92 of towism antakak sakastahlish marks in the dashratne usion a voluntasy cadification. st. Di.Beach/Maritime tourism
Di.A4.	_	r of second homes rer 100 homes, in coastal zones*
Destinati	on Indicator:	s: Dii.Urban/Cultural tourism
Dii.A3.	% of to	tal tourists visiting in peak month and average for the year
Destinati	on Indicator:	s: Diii.Cruising
Diii.A4.	Numbe	r of ship visits per year (by month)
	_	s: Div.Recreational boating [Yachting/Marinas]
Div A2.		r of yachts per year (by month)
		s: Dv.Nature/Ecotourism
Dv.A3.	_	umber of visitors to parks and to key sites
Dv. 81.		pecífic indikators
	P.A1.2.	% shareline subjected to erasion
Dv.85.	PA13.	Coastal area in degraded conditon (low/medium/high)
D - 51	PA1.6.	Coastal flooding events peryear (number)
Dv.C1.	PA2.1. Land occupied by artitial surfaces within the first 500m of coast (in %)	
Dv.C2.	P.A2.2. % of area designated for tourism purposes	
Dv.D1.	PA3.1. Total tourist numbers (mean, monthly, peak) (categorized by their type of activity)	
Dv.D2.	PA33. Water use (total volume in liters or m ³ consumed and liters per tourist per day)	
Dv.D10.	P.A42.	Rate of bss of protected areas
	P.A43.	Percentage of bathing sites with excellent water quality
Dv.D13.	P.A.5.1.	Total use of water by tourism sector (Tourism as a % of all users)
~	P.A52.	Energy use by tourism industry as % of total
1	P.B1.1.	Existence of a coastal planning management system
	P.B1.2.	Length of protected and defended coastline [km]
st	P.B2 <i>.</i> 6.	Implementation of Natura 2000 management plans
	P. B 4 <i>.</i> 8.	Volume (m³) of sediments divelged per year
	P.C1.2.	% environmental, social, cultural actors recommended in plan which have been implemented
	P.C3.1.	Level of tourism sector involvement in public policy (advisory bodies, review panels etc.)

(H. Coccossis, T. Koutsopoulou – UTH)

Sustainability indicators - work to be done



Develop, consolidate, feed with appropriate data, customize, test the toolkit for sustainable tourism destinations



➢ Co-Evolve
> Co-Evolve-Mitomed+

ndík. Ref. 🛛	Core indicators

		C 411	% of to union anteroxical actablishments in the decteration using a valuation of the traditional shallon			
	Destinati	on Indicator:	s: Di.Beach/Maritime tourism			
	Di.A4.	Numbe	r of second homes reir 100 homes, in coastal zones*			
	Destinati	on Indicator:	s: Dii, Urban/Cultural tourism			
	Dii.A3.	% of to	tal tourists visiting in peak month and average for the year			
	Destinati	on Indicator:	s: Diii.Cruising			
	Diii.A4.		(ber of ship visits per year (by month)			
		_	s: Div.Recreational boating [Yachting/Marinas]			
	Div A2.		r of vachts per vear (by month)			
	Destinat	on Indicator	s: Dv.Nature/Ecotourism			
	Dv.A3.	Total n	umber of visitors to parks and to key sites			
	Dv. 61.	Pilot area-s	pecific indicators			
		PA12.	% shareline subjected to erasion			
	Dv.85.	PA13.	Coastal area in degraded conditon (low/medium/high)			
		P.A1.6.	Coastal flooding events peryear(number)			
2	Dv.C1.	P.A.2.1.	Land occupied by artificial surfaces within the first 500m of coast (in %)			
2	Dv.C2.	P.A22.	% of area designated for tourism purposes			
on	Dv.D1.	P.A3.1.	Total tourist numbers (mean, monthly, peak) (categorized by their type of activity)			
ors	Dv.D2.	P.A33.	Water use (total volume in liters or m ³ consumed and liters per tourist per day)			
	Dv.D10.	P.A42.	Rate of bss of protected areas			
	00.010.	P.A43.	Percentage of bathing sites with excellent water quality			
	Dv.D13.	P.A.5.1.	Total use of water by tourism sector (Tourism as a % of all users)			
_	00.013.	P.A5.2.	Energy use by tourism industry as % of total			
	۶ <u>۲</u>	P.B1.1.	Existence of a coastal planning management system			
		P.B1.2.	Length of protected and defended coastline [km]			
Priority Indicators L	iet	P.82.6.	Implementation of Natura 2000 management plans			
		P. B 4.8.	Volume (m³) of sediments diredged per year			
		P.C1.2.	% environmental, social, cultural actors recommended in plan which have been implemented			
		P.C3.1.	level of tourism sector involvement in public policy (advisory bodies, review panels etc.)			





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«Med Coast for Blue Growth» (MC4BG) – PILOT AREAS

PILOT AREAS AND RELATED ACTIVITIES FOR CO-EVOLVE

(already identified; activities ongoing; EC/Interreg Med funded)

- PA 1: Alexandroupoli-Makri area & Thassos-Keramoti areas (Greece) ۲
- PA 2: Cattolica (RN) port and coast area & Lido di Spina- Comacchio (Italy)
- PA 3: Polesine Camerini Eni power station area & Rosolina Mare (Italy) ۲
- PA 4: Valencia Port area (Spain) ۲
- PA 5: Lido of Maguelone and Grand Delta of Orb river (France) ۲
- PA 6: Kastela Bay (Croatia)
- PA 7: Neretva Delta (Croatia) ۲









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«Med Coast for Blue Growth» (MC4BG) – PILOT AREAS

PILOT AREAS FOR CO-EVOLVE4BG

(already identified; activities planned; fundraising ongoing with the ENI CBC MED project proposal under evaluation and other potential donors)

- PA 1: Hergla-Monastir area (Tunisia) •
- PA 2: Gulf of Gabes, Djerba island (Tunisia)
- PA 3: in Circeo National Park and Biosphere Reserve (Italy) •
- PA 4: Alexandroupoli and Samothraki area (Greece)
- PA 5: North of Murcia Region (Spain)
- PA 6: Batroun coastal city (Lebanon) •
- PA 7: Tyre coastal city (Lebanon)

+ADDITIONAL PILOT AREAS BEING IDENTIFIED IN MOROCCO & MONTENEGRO

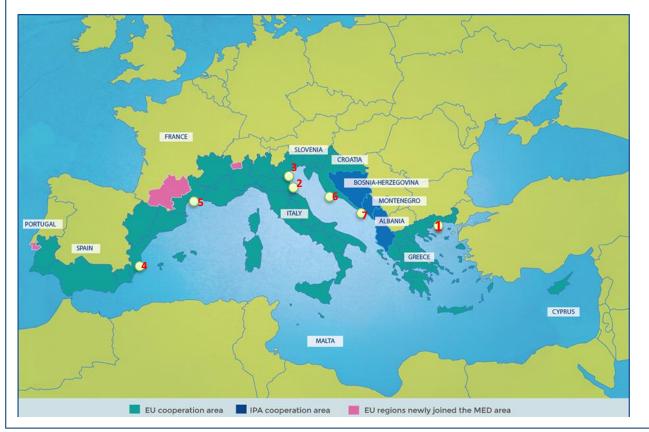








Distribution of CO-EVOLVE (Interreg MED) Pilot Areas



PILOT AREAS

- 1. Alexandroupoli/ Makri area & Thassos/ Keramoti area
- 2. Cattolica (RN) port of Cattolica & Comacchio-Lido di Spina (FE- Po Delta park RER)
- 3. Rosolina Mare area & Polesine Camerini Delta Po area
- 4. Port of Valencia (Gen.Valenciana)
- 5. Maguelone/Frontignan area & Vias/Vendre Orb Delta area
- 6. Kaštela bay (SD County)
- 7. Neretva Delta (DN County)





Pilot Area #1	A1		Urban and suburban coastal area and port next to a Natura 2000
Name	Alexandroupoli - Makri	Descript	protected area.
Country	Greece		
Responsible partner	REMTH		Pressure for littoralization, urban expansion along the coast, erosion
Reference map		Problem	issues connected to the port construction and expansion, tourism low performance.
		Objective	Urban redevelopment of the coastal front in order to attract local and international tourism.
and the second s		Actions	MSP-ICZM Local Plan focused on achieving sustainable tourism. Preparation of studies for selected actions.

Pilot Area #1 Name Country Responsible partner	A2 Keramoti Greece REMTH	Descript	Popular tourist destination receiving "sea and sun" tourism, ports connecting the island of Thasos to the mainland. Keramoti village is inside the Natura 2000 protected area of River Nestos Delta.
Reference map		Problem Objective	Erosion issues linked with the River Nestos Delta retreat. Pollution issues linked with the road and marine traffic towards Thasos island. Diversification of the "tourism product", promotion of ecotourism activities.
		Actions	MSP-ICZM Local Plan focused on achieving sustainable tourism. Preparation of studies for selected actions according to the existing planning





Pilot Area #2	2-A
Name	Port of Cattolica (Rimini Province)
Country	Italy
Responsible partner	RER

Reference map

Actions





Urbanised coastal area with multipurpose river harbor (fishery, shipyard, crafts production, pleasure boats Marinas) and seaside resort structured with bath-house facilities.

Silting of the internal harbor area, from river solid transport, and of the harbor mouth, from the sea solid transport.

Solution for navigation safety and fruition, achievement of sustainability conditions and re-launch of Cattolica harbor.

Formulation of an integrated Plan for the re-launching of the area (navigation safety, sustainable tourism, waste management). Small Scale Investment: acquisition and installation of a jet-suction ejector system for desilting and sustainable management of sea bed

Pilot Area #2	2-B	
Name	Comacchio, Lido di Spina (Ferrara Province)	
Country	Italy	
Responsible partner	RER	

Reference map





Beach area with abandoned bath-house facilities (recently demolished by the Municipality) in Lido di Spina seaside resort.

Problem Problem Problem Addition of the beach and of the waterfront.

Requalification, use for public interest, increase of **Objective** attractiveness, re-launch the area for sustainable tourism.

Formulation of an integrated Plan for the renaturation,
requalification and sustainable fruition / handicap accessibilityActionsActionsand re-launching of the area. Small Scale Investment:
restoration of the beach-dune system





Pilot Area	Pilot Area #3 3-A		
Name			
Country Italy			
Responsible partner Veneto Delta Po Park Authority Reference map			
Descript	Site is located in Rosolina Mare (Rosolina Municipality), in the Po Descript Delta area, natura 2000, SIC-ZPS area.		
Problem	Touristic pressure, with 1 million annual presences, during high season (summer months) focused on the seaside areas.		
Objective	Reduce the pressure on the environment during the high season and extend the sustainable tourist offer all-year round.		
Actions	Formulation of guidelines for sustainable accommodation in natural areas camping village. Small Scale Investment: realize a NZEB (Net Zero Energy Building) prototype bungalow as demonstrator.		

Pilot Area #3	3-B	
Name Polesine Camerini		
Country	Italy	
Responsible partner Veneto Delta Po Park Authority		
Reference map		





Lagoons and wetlands and a no longer working Enel Power Station agricultural zones close to the river, located within the Po DeltaPark

Problem Conflicts between the mono functional industrial area assets and the to Po Delta Park high value environmental area (MAB UNESCO).

Requalification of the infrastructures to enhance the quality of **Objective** the area for sustainable touristic and environmental purposes.

Realise an Environmental Observatory and a planning center for
sustainable tourism in the natural area, conservation and
protection of environment





Pilot Area #4	4-A		The port is one of Valencia's most important institutions for both
Name	Port of Valencia		the city and the region. It registered an important development
Country	Spain	Descript	
Responsible partner	Valenciaport Foundation		last decades.
Reference map			
PORTUGAL Valencia		Problem	Significant economic impact with a feedback effect on the tourist sector but also has an environmental impact and several pressures coming from society.
		Objective	Improve governance and facilitate the mainstreaming into public action of the guiding principles set out in the sustainable cruise tourism. Improve the city-port relationship reducing the environmental impacts and promoting awareness on sustainability.
VALENCIA © CANDIA		Actions	Develop model to measure economic impact of cruise tourism in local destinations and an ECO- cruise port/city tool to reduce environmental impacts from vessel arrivals.





Pilot Area #5	5-A
Name	Lido from Maguelone to Frontignan-plage
Country	France
Responsible partner	Department of Hérault
Reference map	





Descript	Coastal area 20 km sea front, with lagoons and a small relief. Touristic zone of Frontignan-plage with several lagoons crossed by waterway. Maguelone island is a classified as historical heritage
Problem	site. Beach erosion, sea flooding, industrial zone for petrol stocks, touristic and multipurpose harbors.
Objective	Protection and valorization of the area
Actio	Planning adaptation of touristic fluxes in coastal areas subject to CC effects. Actions were expected to be defined with stakeholders,

ns evolution of political conditions at local level postponed the process.

Pilot Area #5	5-B
Name	West coast from Hérault between Vias & Vendres
Country	France
Responsible partner	Department of Hérault

Reference map





Descript	Orb river area, 13 km sea front, with 2 coastal villages, buildings, natural areas and some big camping, population 5 time-rising in the summer.
Problem	Beach and dune erosion, sea & river flooding, touristic harbor.
Objective	Preserve complementarity between urban areas, natural and wild areas, camping areas. Protect natural areas. Maintain tourism activity by allowing it to evolve and adapt to changes
Actions	Design of a common integrated vision for the area and planning along with ICZM principles and Sustainable tourism goals





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Overview on CO-EVOLVE Pilot Areas

Pilot Area #6	6	Descript	The area is located in the central part of the Eastern Adriatic Coast, near the city of Split, the total surface of the bay covers 57 sqkm.
Name	Coastal area of Kaštela bay		near the city of split, the total surface of the bay covers 57 sqkm.
Country	Croatia		High value historical heritage (castels) threatened by erosion, sea
Responsible partner	RERASD	Problem	flooding and sea level rise. Tourism highpressures on natural
Reference map			resources and disharmonic urbanistic development in the narrow
and the second s		Objective	land-sea zone. Promote a sustainable forms of tourism-driven development with focusing on coastal protection measures as a key factor for preserving coastal zone and especially castles
		Actions	Formulation of ICZM-MSP local Plan to promote a sustainable forms of tourism-driven development
Pilot Area #7	7		Neretva River Delta territory covers 7 local municipality units (3 cities and 4 municipalities). It consists of urban and rural areas and also
Name	Neretva River delta	Descript	special areas of natural heritage with different protection status.
Country	Croatia		
Responsible partner	DUNEA		
Reference map		Problem	Presence of different and sometimes conflicting activities and needs in the area, such as agriculture, water management, infrastructure construction, tourism, industry.
A Charles		Objective	Balancing the need for further development and the need to protect natural resources. Coordinate and govern area uses and conflicts.
A starting and a starting of the	Google	Actions	Elaboration of the methodology for integral protection of rural landscapes and sustainable development of the tourism of the Neretva River Delta





MC4BG - NEXT STEPS

- Screening of funding opportunities for MC4BG and complementary fund raising thanks to UfMS TA (focus on Med partner countries)
- Final decision on the potential approval of Co-Evolve4BG (ENI CBC MED)
- Next meetings in 2019 "back to back" with CO-EVOLVE implementation (Transference/Capitalization) and UfMS, IMC CPMR, **BLUEMED. ECOMEDPORT**/events from other linked projects...
- Involvement of more local and regional authorities/key actors in Med partner countries
- **G** Specific synergies with Interreg MED sustainable tourism Community, PANORAMED and future strategic Projects...









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